

US 2200 XC2 - DATA SHEET



Application: Wherever Deep Cycle 6-volt batteries are needed.

Dimensions: 10-1/4 (260)L x 7-1/8 (181)W x 11-1/4 (286)H

Type: Flooded Lead Acid (FLA) non-sealed.



Case material: Polypropylene / Heat Sealed

		US	5	2	20			XC	22	2 -	S	PE	C	FIC	CAI	017	N	5		
BCI												Standard	AMP	MINUTES	MINUTES	MINUTES				wet
Group	Model	1-hr	2-hr	5-hr	6-hr	10-hr	20-hr	48-hr	72-hr	100-hr	Voltage	Terminal		@	@	@			Height	Weight
Size		Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate		Туре	(20 HR. RATE)	75 AMPS	56 AMPS	25 AMPS	10-1/4	7-1/8	11-1/4	Lbs (kg)
GC2	US 2200 XC2	133	152	181	187	206	232	246	252	258	6	Molded-In UTL	232	122	175	474	(260)	(181)	(286)	62 (28)

TERMINAL OPTIONS:

UT

LARGE "L'



SAE



VENT CAP OPTIONS:





CHARGING INSTRUCTIONS:

Following is the charging recommendation and charging profile using 2 stage chargers for US Battery deep cycle products. *Equalization and float charge modes are not considered to be one of the stages in a charging profile.

1. 2.	Bulk Charge Absorption Charge	Constant current @~10% of C/20 Ah in amps to 2.45+/-0.05 volts per cell (e.g. 7.35 volts +/-0.15 volts per 6 volt battery) Constant voltage (2.45+/-0.05 vpc) to 3% of C/20 Ah in amps then hold for 2-3 hours and terminate charge Charge termination can be by maximum time (2-4 hr) or dV/dt (4 mv/cell per hour)								
	 (Optional Float Charge) Equalization Charge 	Constant voltage 2.17 vpc (6.51 volts per 6 volt battery) for unlimited time Constant voltage (2.55+/-0.05 vpc) extended for 1-3 hours after normal charge cycle (repeat every 30 days)								
	Notes: Charge time from full discharge is 9-12 hours. Absorption charge time is determined by the battery but will usually be ~3 hours at 2.45 volts per cell. Float time is unlimited at 2.17 volts per cell. Specific gravity at full charge is 1.270 minimum									
	Battery temperature adjustn	nent: reduce the voltage by 0.028 Volts per cell for every 10°F above 80°F, increase by the same amount for temperatures below 80°F.								
	This extra charge helps keep Manually timed chargers shou	e equalized periodically. Equalizing is an extended, low current charge performed after the normal charge cycle. all cells in balance. Actively used batteries should be equalized once per month. Id have the charge time extended approximately 3 hours. gers should be unplugged and reconnected after completing a charge.								





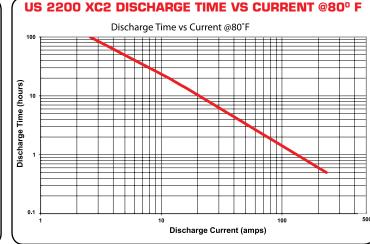
Deep Cycle 6 -Volt

U.S. Batter	ry Recommended	Terminal Torq	ue and Connection Hardware			
U.S. Battery Terminal Type	Recommended Torque (in-lb)	Recommended Torque (ft-lb)	Recommended Connection Hardware			
UTL	95-105	7.9-8.8	¹ SS Hexnut with Lock Washer			
UT	95-105	7.9-8.8	¹ SS Hexnut with Lock Washer			
Flat Block	95-105	7.9-8.8	¹ SS Hexnut with Lock Washer			
Dual	95-105	7.9-8.8	^{1/6} SS Hexnut with Lock Washer			
DC Marine	95-105	7.9-8.8	² SS Hexnut with Lock Washer			
Off-Set "S"	100-120	8.3-10	³ Zn or SS Bolt w/Hexnut & Lock Washer			
Flag	100-120	8.3-10	⁴ Zn or SS Bolt w/Hexnut & Lock Washer			
Large "L"	100-120	8.3-10.0	⁴ Zn or SS Bolt w/Hexnut & Lock Washer			
Small "L"	100-120	8.3-10.0	⁴ Zn or SS Bolt w/Hexnut & Lock Washer			
Bus Lug	120-180	10.0-15.0	⁵ SS Hexnut with Lock Washer			
SAE	50-70	4.2-5.8	⁶ No Hardware Supplied			

ind the connector (never between the connector and lead terminal) and apply the recommended torque or enough torque to completely compress the lock washer without deforming the lead terminal

Stainless Steel Hexnut with Stainless Steel Split-Ring Lock Washer (5/16" Positive & Negative) Stainless Steel Hexnut with Stainless Steel Split-Ring Lock Washer (3/8" Positive & 5/16" Negative? ³Square-Head, SS or Zinc-Plated Bolt with SS or Zinc-Plated Hexnut & Split-Ring Lock Washer Square-Head or Hex-Head, SS or Zinc-Plated Bolt with SS or Zinc-Plated Hexnut & Split-Ring Lock Washer ⁵Stainless Steel Hexnut with SS Split-Ring Lock Washer (1/2" Positive or 3/8" Positive & 3/8" Negative) No Hardware Supplied - Application Uses SAE Clamp for Positive & Negative Tapered Post

The use of flanged nuts and other types of nuts with captive washers or other hardware not listed above is not recommended by US Battery and their use may void the battery warranty



U.S. Battery Operating Temperature Guidelines

For charging, we recommend staying within O°F to120°F (-18 to 49°C) to avoid charging frozen batteries at low temperature or going into thermal runaway at high temperature.

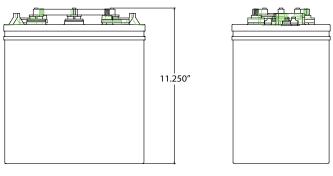
For discharging, we recommend -20°F to 120°F (-29 to 49°C). Batteries discharged at temperatures below 32°F (O°C) should be recharged immediately to avoid freezing.

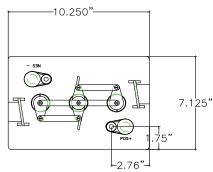
Batteries discharged at temperatures above 120°F (49°C) should be allowed to cool before recharging.

Extreme temperatures can substantially affect battery performance and charging. Cold reduces battery capacity and retards charging. Heat increases water usage and can result in overcharging. Very high temperatures can cause "thermal run-away" which may lead to an explosion or fire. If extreme temperature is an unavoidable part of an application, consult a battery/charger specialist about ways to deal with the problem.

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EXPECTED LIFE CYCLES VS. DOD (XC, XC2 & AGM)

